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8	WESTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON AT TACOMA			
10	KATHY A. DAVIS,			
11	Plaintiff,	CASE NO. 12-cv-05415 JRC		
12	v.	ORDER GRANTING MOTION FOR ATTORNEY'S FEES PURSUANT		
13 14	CAROLYN W COLVIN, Acting Commissioner of the Social Security Administration, ¹	TO 42 U.S.C. § 406(B)		
15	Defendant.			
16	This Court has jurisdiction pursuant to 28 l	U.S.C. § 636(c), Fed. R. Civ. P. 73 and Local		
17	Magistrate Judge Rule MJR 13 (see also Notice of Initial Assignment to a U.S. Magistrate Judge			
18	and Consent Form, ECF No. 5; Consent to Proceed Before a United States Magistrate Judge,			
19 20	ECF No. 6). This matter is before the Court on plaintiff's Motion for Attorney's Fees Pursuant to			
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23	¹ Carolyn W. Colvin became the Acting Co	ommissioner of the Social Security		
24	Administration on February 14, 2013. Pursuant to Procedure, Carolyn W. Colvin is substituted for M	Rule 25(d) of the Federal Rules of Civil		

42 U.S.C. § 406(b) (see ECF No. 28). Defendant has no objection to plaintiff's request (see ECF 2 No. 29). 3 The Court may allow a reasonable fee for an attorney who represented a Social Security Title II claimant before the Court and obtained a favorable judgment, as long as such fee is not in 5 excess of 25 percent of the total of past-due benefits. See 42 U.S.C. § 406(b)(1); Grisbrecht v. 6 Barnhart, 535 U.S. 789 (2002). When a contingency agreement applies, the Court will look first 7 to such agreement and will conduct an independent review to assure the reasonableness of the 8 fee requested, taking into consideration the character of the representation and results achieved. See Grisbrecht, supra, 535 U.S. at 807, 808 (footnote omitted) (citations omitted). Although the 10 fee agreement is the primary means for determining the fee, the Court will adjust the fee 11 downward if substandard representation was provided, if the attorney caused excessive delay, or 12 if a windfall would result from the requested fee. See Crawford v. Astrue, 586 F.3d 1142, 1151 13 (9th Cir. 2009) (citing Grisbrecht, supra, 535 U.S. at 808). 14 Here, the representation was standard, at least, and the results achieved excellent (see 15 ECF No. 28, Attachments 2, 3). See Grisbrecht, supra, 535 U.S. at 808. Defendant stipulated to 16 remand the matter subsequent to plaintiff's filing of her Opening Brief, and the Appeals Council, 17 following remand, awarded benefits to plaintiff without remanding the case to an Administrative 18 Law Judge for further proceedings. 19 Plaintiff's total back payment was \$26,930.32 (see id., Attachment 3). Plaintiff has 20 moved for a net attorney's fee of \$3,000.00 (see Motion, ECF No. 28, pp. 3-4), and the Court has 21 considered plaintiff's gross attorney's fee of \$5,034.75 (plus \$19.20 in expenses); the EAJA 22 award received by plaintiff's attorney in the amount of \$2,053.95; and the \$3,000 offset to that 23 EAJA award that was seized pursuant to the Department of the Treasury's Offset program (see 24

1	id.; see also ECF No. 28, Attachments 4, 5). See 31 U.S.C. §§ 3711(a), 3716(a); Astrue v. Ratliff,		
2	130 S.Ct. 2521, 2524, 2010 U.S. LEXIS 4763 at ***6-***7 (2010).		
3	Based on plaintiff's motion and supporting documents (see ECF Nos. 28, 28-1, 28-2, 28-		
4	3, 28-4, 28-5), and with no objection from defendant (ECF No. 29), it is hereby ORDERED that		
5	attorney's fees in the amount of \$3,000 be awarded to plaintiff's attorney pursuant to 42 U.S.C. §		
6	406(b).		
7	Dated this 22nd day of May, 2013.		
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9	I March Completion		
10	J. Richard Creatura		
11	United States Magistrate Judge		
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